

FORTY ACRES OF FIRE

Great Ruin in the Lumber District of Chicago.

Men Were Compelled to Flee for Their Lives.

TWO PERSONS KILLED.

The Loss Will Amount to About \$1,500,000.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—The lumber district of Chicago was last night visited by one of the most disastrous fires in its history and the loss will probably foot up between \$1,200,000 and \$1,500,000, although it will be twenty-four hours before the damage can be estimated with accuracy. The following concerns were entirely cleaned out by the flames and everything contained in their yards has been utterly destroyed: S. K. Martin Lumber Company; Brown & Richards Lumber Company; Wells & Franch Company, car builders; Perley, Lowe & Co., lumber; Shoemaker & Higbee Lumber Company; John Spry Lumber Company; Edward Hines Lumber Company; Conway & Co., cedar posts; W. H. Palmer, cedar posts; Whitcomb Cedar Post Company; Liemans & Halske, manufacturers of dynamites. The burned district is about six squares from east to west, and about three from north to south. The greatest portion of the district is bounded by First Island avenue, Lincoln street, the river and Ashland avenue, was burned over and forty acres of lumber yards are now nothing but smoking embers.

The fire was discovered by a watchman. He saw a blaze on the outside of the fence on the east side of Lincoln street near a shingle shed belonging to S. K. Martin & Co. He turned in an alarm, but before the first engines arrived the shingle shed was a mass of flames, which had communicated to the surrounding lumber piles. The Martin yards are 3,500 feet long by 300 wide, and the flames originated in exactly the right spot for the strong northwest wind, which was blowing at the time, to carry them through the entire length and breadth of the yards.

The wind drove the flames so fiercely that the first engines which arrived were utterly helpless and call after call for additional help was made until over fifty engines and three fireboats were at work on the fire. It is not likely that even they would have counted for much had not the wind died away after the fire had been burning for an hour. The course of the flames was east and southeast for the first forty-five minutes, and they literally picked up everything in their path. Piles of lumber, lath, shingles and cedar posts were swallowed up with a rapidity and for a time it seemed as though the finest lumber district in the city, which reaches a mile to the south, must be consumed. The wind, however, suddenly changed at 9:30 o'clock and began to blow from the south and with much less violence than before.

The flames started rapidly north again and burned back to a line level with the starting point. The sudden change in the direction of the flames caught several engine companies unprepared and the men were compelled to run for their lives. No engines were abandoned, but three of them had close calls, horses and men narrowly escaping death. The fireboat Yosemite was at work in one of the slips when the direction of the fire changed, and the long tongues of flames which shot over her made it necessary that she be removed at once. When an effort was made to start her up it was found that her steam was so low that the boat could not be moved with any rapidity, and the flames were swooping down upon her at a fearful rate.

The men frantically pushed her off with poles and boards and she finally crawled out of the slip, with no more damage than a severe scorching in several places.

The fireboat Geyser had also a close call, but ran through the flames which leaped over the slip and escaped unharmed. Two of her men, John McCain and Thomas Freeding, were badly burned while fighting the fire. A large Siamese hose which they were holding got away from them and knocked both men over the side of the boat upon a pile of burning cedar posts. The men were away. Their injuries are not fatal.

In addition to the men injured the following casualties occurred: Otto Rafter, fell off a pile of lumber, back broken and will die. Unknown man, struck on the head by a flying spar from a fire engine, knocked into the river and drowned.

It is extremely difficult to obtain an estimate of the losses, but the following are believed to be about correct: S. K. Martin company, \$500,000; Perley, Lowe & Co., \$345,000; Wells-French company, \$500,000; Liemans & Halske, \$300,000; Shoemaker & Higbee, \$125,000; John Spry Lumber company, \$35,000; total, \$1,395,000.

Conway & Co., \$60,000; Edwin Hines Lumber company, \$1,800; Farnum Foundry company, \$2,500.

Lincoln Institute Burned. JEFFERSON, CITY, Mo., Aug. 2.—Lincoln institute's main building burned this morning. It was struck by lightning at 1 o'clock last night. Many costly scientific appliances were in the building.

Blaze in a Nebraska Town. BEATRICE, Neb., Aug. 2.—The town of Fifth, twenty miles northeast of here suffered \$10,000 damage by fire. The loss is about half covered by insurance.

A Boy Drowned. ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Aug. 2.—Thomas A. Gleason, the 11-year-old son of William Gleason, janitor at the court house, was drowned in the Missouri river yesterday while in swimming with several companions. His body has not been recovered.

112 and 114 West 8th, Peerless Steam Laundry.

ROYALIST COMMISSIONERS

They Refuse to Disclose the Nature of Their Visit to Washington.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—The Hawaiian royalist commissioners, who reached the city Tuesday night, kept to their rooms at the Arlington most of yesterday arranging for their plan of work while here. When a press reporter asked Mr. Wideman the purpose of his visit here he replied: "I can not tell you at this time. We have agreed not to divulge the nature of our mission until we see Secretary Gresham, and also possibly the president. We expect to see Secretary Gresham, and shall go direct to the state department and not second the assistance of any intermediary, just the same as you would do had you any business there. The president has refused the plea for the restoration of the queen and why should we, who represent her, not have the privilege of calling on the secretary?"

Mr. Wideman said further that the commission had not come to Washington to ask for the restoration of the queen nor for the purpose of asking compensation for her because of her dethronement. In fact he (Wideman) had not the least intention of reporting until he reached Washington.

He was somewhat chary in discussing the statement that has been printed to the effect that the commission would request the United States to adopt a policy of non-interference in Hawaiian matters pending further developments. It was evident, however, that he felt deeply on this subject, for he promptly replied, in answer to a question regarding it, that the resolution of the United States senate certainly meant non-interference, and later he made a remark to the effect that the present government was that of Mr. Stevens, formerly the American minister.

Secretary Gresham will see the Hawaiians as individuals, but it is unlikely anything definite will come of their visit.

TOO MANY DEATH LOSSES.

The National Temperance Relief Union, of St. Joseph, in Trouble.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Aug. 2.—Judge Woodson has granted James Waddill, state superintendent of insurance, an injunction against the National Temperance Relief Union, an insurance organization with headquarters in this city, restraining the company and its officers from further transacting business in this state. Legal proceedings are the result of an investigation of the affairs of the concern, which shows that it is and has been for some time in an insolvent condition. The liabilities of the company are placed at \$400,000. No available assets. The union has about 1,500 members, who will be liable for the outstanding death losses. The company was organized in this city in 1879. The officers are: J. M. Stuart, president; Frank O'Riley, secretary; and S. H. France, treasurer. The present condition of the company is attributed to extraordinary death losses.

NATIONAL BANK FINANCES

Some Interesting Figures Given Out by the Comptroller of the Currency.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—A statement issued by the comptroller of the currency shows the total amount of national bank notes outstanding to be \$207,445,489, an increase in total circulation for the month of \$186,182, and for the year of \$23,789,509. The most of circulation outstanding against bonds is \$181,050,934, an increase for the month of \$187,350, and for the year of \$17,344,641. The amount of lawful money on deposit to secure circulation is shown to be \$20,359,555, a decrease of \$301,168 for the month and an increase for the year of \$5,954,928. The amount of United States registered bonds on deposit to secure circulation notes is \$202,281,000, and to secure public deposits, \$14,726,030.

FUNSTON LOSES HIS SEAT

The House Decides the Case by a Vote of 127 to 31 in Favor of Moore.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—By a vote of 127 to 31 the house yesterday declared that E. H. Funston was not entitled to a seat in congress. This finally decides the Moore-Funston contest, granting the seat to Mr. Moore.

Mail Carriers Wages Raised. KANSAS CITY, Kan., Aug. 2.—Postmaster Mapes yesterday received information from Washington that the wages of each of the carriers who were appointed by him last year had been raised \$20 a month. The boys have been getting \$80 a month and they will hereafter receive \$100.

Elected Grand Chancellor. EL RENO, Ok., Aug. 2.—The third annual meeting of the grand lodge, Knights of Pythias, which has been in session here for two days, adjourned last night. E. E. Blake, of El Reno, was elected grand chancellor for the ensuing year.

Crusade for Lower Rates. CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—The National Association of Implement Dealers has decided that when its annual meeting convenes in October, it will begin a crusade against the railroads for lower rates for traveling men.

Examining an Irrigation System. ROCKY FORD, Col., Aug. 2.—Fifty-one farmers, representing the Sherman county, Kansas, irrigation association, arrived here from Goodland, Kansas. They come for the purpose of examining the irrigation system here, with a view to utilizing a large body of water underlying Sherman county by pumping into reservoirs.

Drought Broken at Salina. SALINA, Kan., Aug. 1.—The drought was broken here yesterday by a fine shower, which cooled the atmosphere and gave renewed hopes to the farmers. It came in time to save much of the late corn and will greatly benefit the pastures.

Read the "Wants." Many of them are as interesting as news items. See if it is not so.

The Daily State Journal prints all the news.

IOWA DEMOCRATS.

The Full State Ticket Nominated by Acclamation.

No Struggle to be Made Victims of Defeat.

CLEVELAND INDORSED.

They Favor the Election of Senators by Direct Vote.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Aug. 2.—The Democratic state convention assembled at Calvary Tabernacle yesterday. About 400 delegates were in attendance. J. M. Parsons, temporary chairman, delivered an address, saying Coxeism was McKinleyism carried to a logical conclusion. Governor Boies was chosen permanent chairman of the convention and delivered an address.

Several contests over seats delayed the opening of the session until quite late. There was a sharp fight on the adoption of a platform, and the majority report prevailed, by a vote of 697 to 339. The platform indorses President Cleveland's efforts for tariff reform and approves of his letter to congressmen. Wilson as manly and outspoken. It declares for the use of both gold and silver, without discrimination or charge for minting, but that the dollar unit shall be of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value. The election of United States senators by direct vote of the people is demanded. The following ticket was nominated: For governor, J. D. Smith of Cherokee; for lieutenant governor, W. L. Parker of Osceola; clerk of supreme court, T. R. North of Dallas; for supreme court reporter, J. J. Shea of Council Bluffs.

Henry County Republicans. CLIXTON, Mo., Aug. 2.—The Republicans of Henry county placed in the field a full county ticket yesterday. For representative, H. B. Ingram; collector, Garrett Freeman; county clerk, Robert Haslip; recorder, W. E. Moore; circuit clerk, A. W. Bell; prosecuting attorney, N. A. Conrad; treasurer, D. C. Blanchard; sheriff, R. H. Dugan; assessor, J. J. Felhauer; coroner, Dr. E. M. Douglas; probate judge, S. B. Irvin; county judge, First district, John Little; Second district, William Moore; presiding judge, H. P. Brown. Eleven delegates were selected to each of the state, congressional and senatorial conventions. Resolutions demanding the coinage of silver and a protective tariff were passed.

Choctaw Election Ends With a Row. CADDO, Ind. Ter., Aug. 2.—The Choctaw election passed off quietly until late last evening, when a general fight took place. About ten Choctaws were engaged in it and it would have been quite serious if United States marshals had not interfered. As it was, only a few ugly flesh wounds were the result. Gardner leads for principal chief by a large majority.

Joe Wisby for Congress. EL RENO, Ok., Aug. 2.—The territorial Democratic congressional convention convened here yesterday. Dr. J. M. Beale, of Oklahoma City, was elected chairman. Over 300 delegates were present, together with many officials and prominent Democrats from all parts of the territory. Joseph Wisby, of Guthrie, was nominated by the convention at 11 p. m.

Tried to Lynch a Bank Robber. GUTHRIE, Ok., Aug. 2.—Citizens of Chandler attempted to lynch Elmer Lucas, the captured bank robber, but in the first attack upon the jail they were repulsed, and while they were organizing for another attack the prisoner was hurried to this city and lodged in the United States jail for safe keeping.

A large posse of officers are now in pursuit of the robbers, who have been joined by several other members of the gang and are now in Creek county.

Terrific Rainstorm in Eastern Colorado. HUCO, Col., Aug. 2.—A terrific rainstorm, the worst in years, swept over Western Lincoln county last night, doing great damage and particularly to the railroads. In the vicinity of Lake Station, on the Union Pacific, several hundred feet of track was carried away. Passenger trains were delayed many hours and wrecking trains were sent out from Cheyenne Wells and from Denver. Fear is expressed that the reservoir of the Big Sandy will break.

A Cattle Thief's Career Ends. GUTHRIE, Ok., Aug. 2.—At Chandler, during the agitation for the lynching of the captured bank robber, Deputy Marshal Lon Pollen saw Bill Baker, a notorious cattle thief, in the crowd and attempted to arrest him. Baker resisted and drew his gun and a fight ensued, during which Pollen shot him through the body, killing him instantly.

A Great Corn Crop Expected. MEXICO, Mo., Aug. 2.—The protracted drought has been ended in this section by a copious rain. This insures a good corn crop. Many think notwithstanding the drought the corn crop will be the largest for many years. North of this city there has not been such a corn crop for twenty-five years.

Fellman Boycott to Be Declared Off. CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—Assistant Adjutant Boyle of the Illinois National Guard, said that he had been informed, on President Debs' authority, that the Pullman boycott would be officially declared off to-day. Adjutant Boyle added that all troops will be withdrawn by to night.

The Daily State Journal prints all the news.

MR. GLADSTONE'S REPLY.

He Responds to an Invitation Extended to him to Visit the United States.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—The letter of Mr. Gladstone in reply to the second invitation of 1,200 representative Americans to the ex-premier to pay a visit to the United States was written throughout by Mr. Gladstone, and is in rather shaky, irregular handwriting, but is fairly legible, only the signature being blurred as I could hardly hope to do so. Undoubtedly, your letter has supplied the strongest motives for an attempt to brave this impossible but I regret to say it is not at a time when even if I were much younger, it could not induce me to consider this question.

The surgical treatment of my eye for cataract, which I underwent with the usual operation will not be concluded for nearly two months and until that treatment shall have reached its conclusion I am about this time I shall not be able to look with confidence to a date for the restoration of practical and useful vision.

Under these circumstances, however sanguine as the eventual result may be, I am incapacitated from contraction of protective or a moment, and I am sure that you and the many distinguished gentlemen who joined you will feel with me that this is the one reply I can make to your proposal. I beg you to accept and to convey to them the assurance of my grateful thanks and unalterable interest in your country. Believe me most truly yours, W. E. GLADSTONE.

To the American Invitation Committee.

DIVIDING SCHOOL FUNDS.

State Superintendent Wolfe Completed the Work of Distribution.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Aug. 2.—State Superintendent of Public Schools L. E. Wolfe has made the forty-ninth annual apportionment of school moneys. The amount apportioned is as follows: One-third of the receipts into the state revenue fund from June 1, 1893, to June 30, 1894, \$917,097.75; interest on invested school funds, \$181,000.00; sundries, \$55,908.70; total, \$854,006.45.

The returns from the clerks of the various counties to the department of education show that there are 923,309 children of school age in the state, and the per capita distribution will therefore be a fraction over 80 cents. In the apportionment Jackson county gets \$2,150.70, and St. Louis city, with 128,352 school children, gets \$137,093.38. The money is in the state treasury and will be checked out as soon as the school and county officers throughout the state make the local apportionment.

SCENES AT WATERLOO.

Incidents of the Famous Battle Showing Bravery and Chivalry.

At the battle of Waterloo a Scotch soldier, who had been mortally wounded, fell into a ditch, and one of his comrades, missing the flag, went straight to the ditch where he had seen the Highlander fall. Meantime the enemy were charging vigorously. His comrade tried to disengage the flag from the hands of the wounded Highlander, but as he could not succeed he hoisted the wounded man on his shoulder, thus carrying both sergeant and flag. The enemy, who were charging, seeing this good deed, stopped suddenly, crying "Bravo! bravo! l'Ecosse!" They did not charge again till the brave man had rejoined his company.

During the retreat which followed this battle two companies of British artillery stopped under orders near Louisa, at a village a little distance from the main road. The mayor was sent for to make the customary distribution of food, etc., which was requisitioned, that it might be done without confusion. It seemed only a moment before all the bread was collected, each inhabitant willingly giving his own part, and the mayor ordered that lots should be drawn who should give a cow, a farm, a meal for the soldiers. The lot fell on a poor old, infirm woman, who with some difficulty dragged herself forward, leaning on her stick, to speak to the mayor.

"This cow," she said, "which you wish to take from me is all I have; she is both my means of living and my companion, and if you kill her there is nothing left for me but to die, too." The mayor was inflexible, and the ax was raised to kill the cow when the artillery men cried with one voice, "What does it signify? We will fancy this is Friday and fast most willingly." They returned the cow to the old woman, and she led it away with tears of joy and gratitude.

Strikers Will Try to Stop Sunday Work. FORT WAYNE, Ind., Aug. 2.—Some old discharged strikers on the Pennsylvania and Nickel Plate lines declare that they would file affidavits against all the men employed on these roads who work on Sunday. The strikers allege that they have the names of all the men who will probably work next Sunday and that they will be arrested on Monday morning for Sabbath desecration. It is said the threat will be positively carried out. Fort Wayne is very particular on Sabbath observance under the new municipal administration.

The Ink Plant. In Colombia there grows a plant whose popular name is the ink plant. Its juice is a ready made ink. At first the writing looks reddish, but it becomes deep black in the course of a few hours. It will not harm steel pens, and letters written with it, if soaked in water, even for a long time, will be quite legible when dry. The plants are poisonous, however, so that this natural ink will never take the place of the common or finger staining sort in daily use.

The Topeka Drug Co., in opera house.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

ROYAL ARCANUM.

Sketch of Supreme Regent Chilli W. Hazard—Notes by the Way.

Bro. Chilli W. Hazard, who was elected to the highest office in the order at Detroit last June, is the editor of the Monongahela (Pa.) Daily Republican and has held many positions of honor and trust. Colonel Hazard is a past commander of the G. A. R. of Pennsylvania, a director of the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial association and secretary of the Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia Editorial association.

Bro. Hazard entered the order in August, 1880, as a charter member of Monongahela council, No. 507, and at the institution of the council was elected past regent. In 1883 he was elected grand regent of the grand council of Pennsylvania and re-elected in 1885. In 1890 he was made supreme vice regent, which was followed in 1894 by his unanimous election to his present position. Bro. Hazard is a thirty-second degree Mason and a Knight Templar.

There are in Chicago 9,500 members of the order. John Kiley is grand regent of Illinois and H. B. Chandler grand secretary.

Only \$3,004 was realized on the first call, 17 years ago, while that made last April realized \$267,000.

New York has 33,000 Arcanumites and Pennsylvania 17,000.

The highest number of assessments made in any year is 15.

MASONIC.

Objects of the Order Are Not Concealed Temple Chaps.

Freemasons, having nothing to conceal except a few archaic ceremonious forms and their solemn oaths of recognition and fellowship, their universal language cheerfully and without reserve openly declares their objects, aims and ends and spread all their charges, constitutions and laws before the world, so that they might be read and known of all men.—Rev. W. W. Hill.

In the state the largest liberty, based upon equality and brotherhood, in the church the trust catholicity, based upon the word of God, which liveth and abideth forever, and for the individual the grandest development of power, based upon the highest ideals. These are all aided and fostered by the progressive principle of Masonry.

Sir James McCain is grand commander and Sir Charles Bachtel grand recorder of the Grand Commandery of New Jersey. The Royal Masonic Institution For Boys, London, has 263 pupils.

Ascelon commandery, K. T. of Pittsfield, Ills., has adopted a resolution favoring the holding of a convocation of Knights Templars of the world in New York city the last three days of the year 1900 and the succeeding three days of 1901 to celebrate in a fitting manner the birth, life, death and resurrection of our Saviour Jesus Christ and the triumphs of the Christian religion. They have also requested the grand commandery of Illinois to adopt the same at its next annual convocation.

In Canada Knights Templars are addressed as fratres. This is done to avoid conflict with legal aims.

Freemasonry in England is very prosperous. The increase of lodges and chapters is remarkable. The craft in Kentucky made an extraordinary effort in June in behalf of the Masonic home at Louisville. The result was satisfactory.

There are members of the fraternity who would eliminate from Freemasonry its symbolism of physical perfection. All such should learn what that requirement really signifies.

Bro. J. W. Staton, grand master of Masons in Kentucky, has issued a warning against begging tripulators. The total returns of the recent festival of the Royal Masonic Institute For Girls in London was over \$80,000.

UNITED WORKMEN.

Decision on the Laws Governing Beneficiaries—Notes and Gossip.

The supreme lodge has decided that a subordinate lodge has not the right to refuse a proper request of a member to change direction of the payment of his beneficiary certificate, provided there is no infringement of the laws governing beneficiaries.

When deemed advisable, a grand lodge may have more than one grand medical examiner.

The supreme lodge has offered prizes of \$200, \$100 and \$50 for the three most acceptable rituals, the contest open to all members of the order. The present ritual is considered faulty.

The prices of charters have been reduced to \$5 and rituals to 60 cents each. The age limit in the Degree of Honor is 80 years.

The proposition presented to the supreme lodge to issue \$1,000 certificates failed to secure the necessary two-thirds vote and was lost.

Shield of Honor.

The Pennsylvania membership should be particularly happy this year, one of their most popular members having been elevated to the post of supreme master. Supreme Master Benjamin D. Woodman is naturally a man of ability, whose many attainments have given him the confidence of all with whom he comes in contact, and his elevation to the head of the order is a due reward of merit.

The grand master of Pennsylvania, Dr. George R. Pancoast, has been busy visiting subordinate lodges and expressing himself pleased with the prospects of the order and the individual lodge reports.

American Legion of Honor.

Chief Deputy Leo of the staff of Brooklyn deputies says, "The man who becomes a member of the American Legion of Honor can look into the future with perfect and sublime confidence, knowing perfectly well that his dependents will not become objects of charity or be thrown on the cold charity of a heartless world at his death."

Gained Every Day

On Taking Hood's Sarsaparilla—Agué, Malaria, Neuralgia, Sick Headaches.



Miss Mattie Stuart

I have found such benefit in Hood's Sarsaparilla during the summer that I intend never to be without it. I could scarcely go about for a day without it, when I got a bottle. Every day after that I found myself improving. I took three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and I got as fresh and strong as any woman would wish to be. Instead of housework being a burden it is now a pleasure. I used to have

Neuralgia Headaches, But seldom have them now. If I feel I am going to have a headache, it matters not at what hour, I just take one of Hood's Pills and it

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

less than half an hour the dizzy feeling is all gone." Miss MATTIE STUART, Elm Dale, Kan.

Hood's Pills act easily, get promptly and efficiently on the liver and bowels.

Floral Fad in Paris.

The newest thing is for sale on the boulevards. A certain chemist sells liquids by the application of which the most startling changes are produced in the colors of flowers, and a veritable surprise awaits the guests for whom the hostess has provided old friend flowers in new colors. As a rule, it will be found that nature has not made a mistake in selecting the hues that best fit her in her floral attributes, but Paris is superior to nature in many things and now struggles to surpass nature in her floral hues. Sometimes the change of color is really a good joke, and few who know a rose but will regret to see it a vandyke brown, with eruptions of white spots. The false color lasts but a night, and nature then is restored to all her surpassing beauty. In the meanwhile a new fashion, a surprise, has gained a victory.—Paris Cor. London Court Journal.

A Doctor's Dilemma.

A bachelor physician, who maintains a splendid establishment on Diamond street is in a dilemma. He bought the house in which he lives several years ago and made a 10 year contract with a widow, with children, to furnish the house and board him and his man servant for the free use of the dwelling. Since then the widow has married. Now the doctor wants to wed. The erstwhile widow refuses to vacate the house, the bride to be refuses to move in until the other woman moves out, and the doctor is boarding elsewhere, while the man servant and widow are in supreme possession. The contract has five years to run, and the doctor must either get another house, another woman for a wife or buy the housekeeper off.—Philadelphia Record.

SANTA FE ROUTE.

ON TO WASHINGTON.

The Santa Fe Road has again taken the reins in its own hands by announcing that it will make a one fare round trip rate for the great Knights of Pythias convocation at Washington, D. C., regardless of action of other lines.

Dates of sale will be August 23 and 24, final limit Sept. 8, which can be extended to Sept. 15, by deposit with joint agent in Washington.

There is no restriction to return on specified dates. Privilege will be allowed of coming back to eastern gateways of A. T. & S. F. R. by a different line than that used going. These concessions are not only available for K. of P. but are open to the general public.

ANNUAL REUNION.

G. A. R., Pittsburg, Pa.—Said. Fe Route. To enable comrades, their families and friends to make this trip to the great national Grand Army and Naval reunions at Pittsburg, Pa., the Santa Fe, always first to arrange for the comfort and accommodation of its patrons, has made the low rate of one fare for the round trip. Also note the Santa Fe will accept these tickets for return passage on any date to and including September 23. Tickets sold September 7 and 8.

To Denver and Return. The Santa Fe route sells round trip tickets at \$15, August 10 and 11. For particulars see Rowley Bros., City Passenger Agents.

Break at Last!

A sure cure for coughs and colds. "Snow's Pine Expectorant" is guaranteed. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. For sale by all druggists.

A Beautifier For Ladies. Everybody admires a beautiful complexion. Ladies who have used the celebrated Elder Flower Cream, recommend it as the greatest complexion beautifier in the market. It is used by society ladies. For sale by J. K. Jones.

We put on new neckbands on shirts. Peerless Steam Laundry, 112 and 114 West Eighth street.

Have you tried the American Steam Laundry for your laundry work? If you haven't, try them. 112 W. 7th. Tele. 54.

One word describes it—"perfection." We refer to De Witt's White Horse Salve, cures obstinate sores, burns, skin diseases and is a well known cure for piles. J. K. Jones.

Topeka Drug Co. is ready for business.